

BookletChartTM

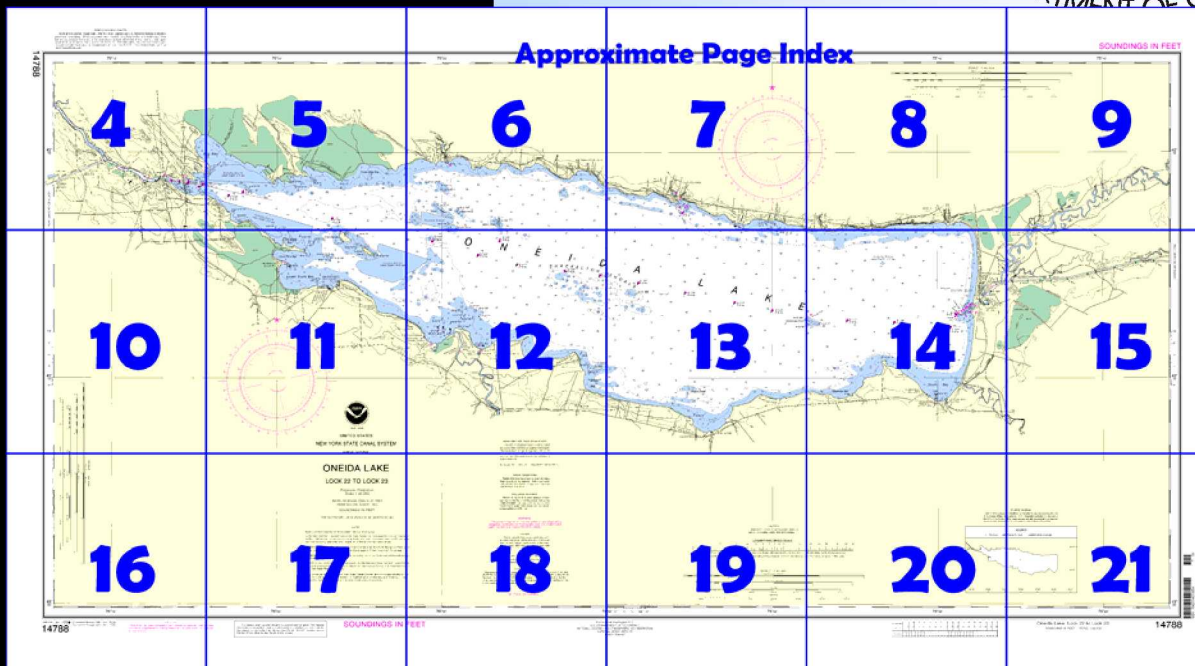
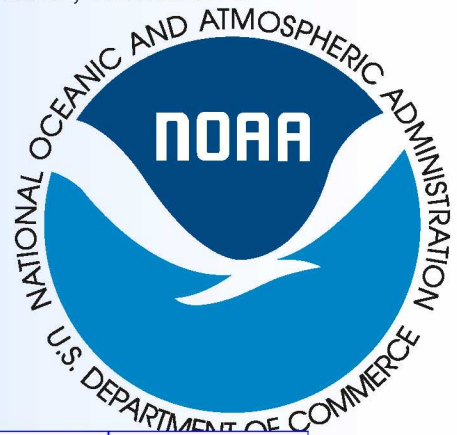
Oneida Lake – Lock 22 to Lock 23

(NOAA Chart 14788)



A reduced scale NOAA nautical chart for small boaters. When possible, use the full size NOAA chart for navigation.

- ✓ Complete, reduced scale nautical chart
- ✓ Print at home for free
- ✓ Convenient size
- ✓ Up to date with all Notices to Mariners
- ✓ United States Coast Pilot excerpts
- ✓ Compiled by NOAA, the nation's chartmaker.



Home Edition (not for sale)



What are Nautical Charts?

Nautical charts are a fundamental tool of marine navigation. They show water depths, obstructions, buoys, other aids to navigation, and much more. The information is shown in a way that promotes safe and efficient navigation. Chart carriage is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry America's commerce. They are also used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters.

What is a BookletChart™?

This BookletChart is made to help recreational boaters locate themselves on the water. It has been reduced in scale for convenience, but otherwise contains all the information of the full-scale nautical chart. The bar scales have also been reduced, and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart. See the Note at the bottom of page 5 for the reduction in scale applied to this chart.

Whenever possible, use the official, full scale NOAA nautical chart for navigation. Nautical chart sales agents are listed on the Internet at <http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov>.

This BookletChart does NOT fulfill chart carriage requirements for regulated commercial vessels under Titles 33 and 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Notice to Mariners Correction Status

This BookletChart has been updated for chart corrections published in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners, the National Geospatial Intelligence Agency Weekly Notice to Mariners, and, where applicable, the Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners. Additional chart corrections have been made by NOAA in advance of their publication in a Notice to Mariners. The last Notices to Mariners applied to this chart are listed in the Note at the bottom of page 7. Coast Pilot excerpts are not being corrected.



[Coast Pilot 6, Chapter 14 excerpts]

(11) The **Erie Canal** is 338 miles long from Waterford W across New York State to Tonawanda on the Niagara River. From Waterford, the canal follows the canalized Mohawk River, a short reach of Wood Creek, and several interspersed land cuts to **Oneida Lake**. After passing through the lake, the canal follows **Oneida River**, Seneca River, Clyde River, and several land cuts to Lyons, N.Y. A 6.8-mile-long branch channel extends SE from the Seneca River through Onondaga

Lake to Syracuse, N.Y. W of Lyons, the canal is an artificial channel to Pendleton, N.Y., thence the canal follows Tonawanda Creek to Tonawanda. About 39 miles W of Lyons, the canal crosses the **Genesee River**. From the intersection, a 3.2-mile section of the Genesee River has been improved to provide access from the canal to Rochester. A dam on the Genesee River 7 miles downstream of the canal precludes navigable

access to Lake Ontario.

(12) The Erie Canal, from Waterford to Tonawanda, has 34 locks. At Waterford, a flight of 5 locks ascends 168.8 feet from the pool above Troy Lock and Dam around Cohoes Falls to the Mohawk River, thence 14 locks ascend the Mohawk Valley 236 feet to the summit level near Rome, N.Y., thence 3 locks descend 57 feet to Three Rivers, N.Y., at the junction with Oswego Canal, and thence 12 locks ascend 201 feet to the Niagara River.

Table of Selected Chart Notes

Pump-out Facilities

Corrected through NM Jan. 28/06
Corrected through LNM Jan. 17/06

CAUTION

Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 6 for important supplemental information.

CAUTION

Due to periodic high water conditions some features charted as visible at Normal Pool Level may be submerged, particularly in the near shore areas. Mariners should proceed with caution.

Polyconic Projection
Scale 1:40,000

North American Datum of 1983
(World Geodetic System 1984)

SOUNDINGS IN FEET

RADAR REFLECTORS

Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

POLLUTION REPORTS

Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS

The NOAA Weather Radio station listed below provides continuous weather broadcasts. The reception range is typically 20 to 40 nautical miles from the antenna site, but can be as much as 100 nautical miles for stations at high elevations.

Syracuse, NY WXL-31 162.55 MHz (Chan WX-1)

PLANE OF REFERENCE OF THIS CHART. Normal Pool Level.

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

SOURCE DIAGRAM

Most of the hydrography identified by the letter "I" was surveyed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers prior to 1974. Channels currently maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers are periodically resurveyed and are not shown on this diagram. Refer to Chapter 1, [United States Coast Pilot](#).

WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot 6 for details.

HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) and for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1902 must be corrected an average of 0.025" northward and 1.273" eastward to agree with this chart.

CAUTION

This chart has been corrected from information received from the New York State Department of Transportation to the date shown in the lower left hand corner.

This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The National Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comments for improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (N/CS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS. For complete list of symbols and abbreviations see Chart No. 1.

AUTHORITIES. Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, Geological Survey, U.S. Coast Guard and New York State Thruway Authority.

Aids to navigation on the New York State Canal System are the responsibility of the New York State Thruway Authority. All lighted aids, stationary and floating, unless otherwise indicated display a 1 second flash every 4 seconds.

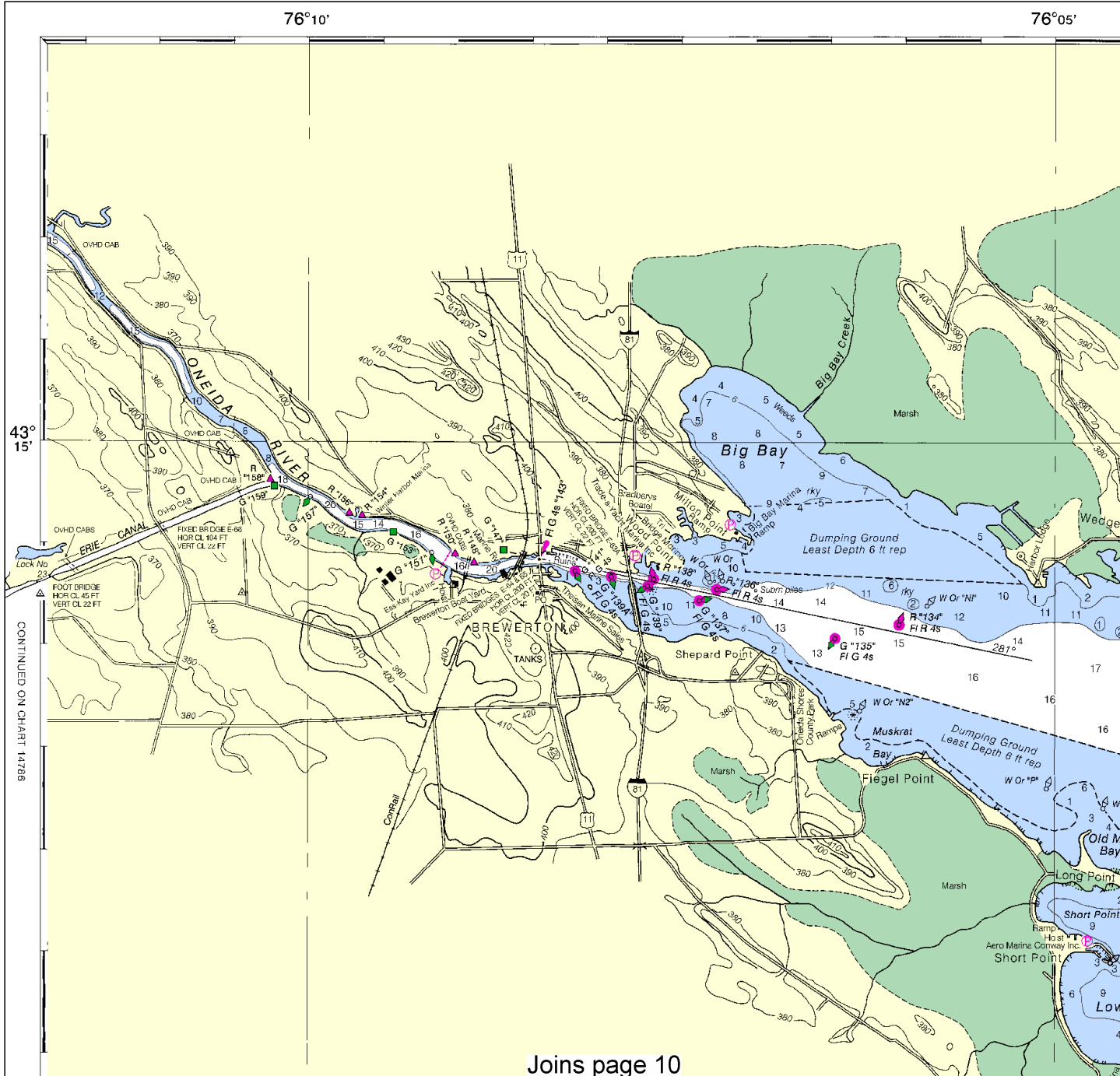
PRINT-ON-DEMAND CHARTS

NOAA and its partner, OceanGrafix, offer this chart updated weekly by NOAA for Notices to Mariners and critical corrections. Charts are printed when ordered using Print-on-Demand technology. New Editions are available 5-8 weeks before their release as traditional NOAA charts. Ask your chart agent about Print-on-Demand charts or contact NOAA at 1-800-584-4683, <http://NauticalCharts.gov>, help@NauticalCharts.gov, or OceanGrafix at 1-877-56CHART, <http://OceanGrafix.com>, or help@OceanGrafix.com.

PRINT-ON-DEMAND CHARTS

NOAA and its partner, OceanGrafix, offer this chart updated weekly by NOAA for Notices to Mariners and critical corrections. Charts are printed when ordered using Print-on-Demand technology. New Editions are available 5-6 weeks before their release as traditional NOAA charts. Ask your chart agent about Print-on-Demand charts or contact NOAA at 1-800-584-4683, <http://NauticalCharts.gov>, help@NauticalCharts.gov, or OceanGrafix at 1-877-56CHART, <http://OceanGrafix.com>, or help@OceanGrafix.com.

14788



Joins page 10

4



Printed at reduced scale.

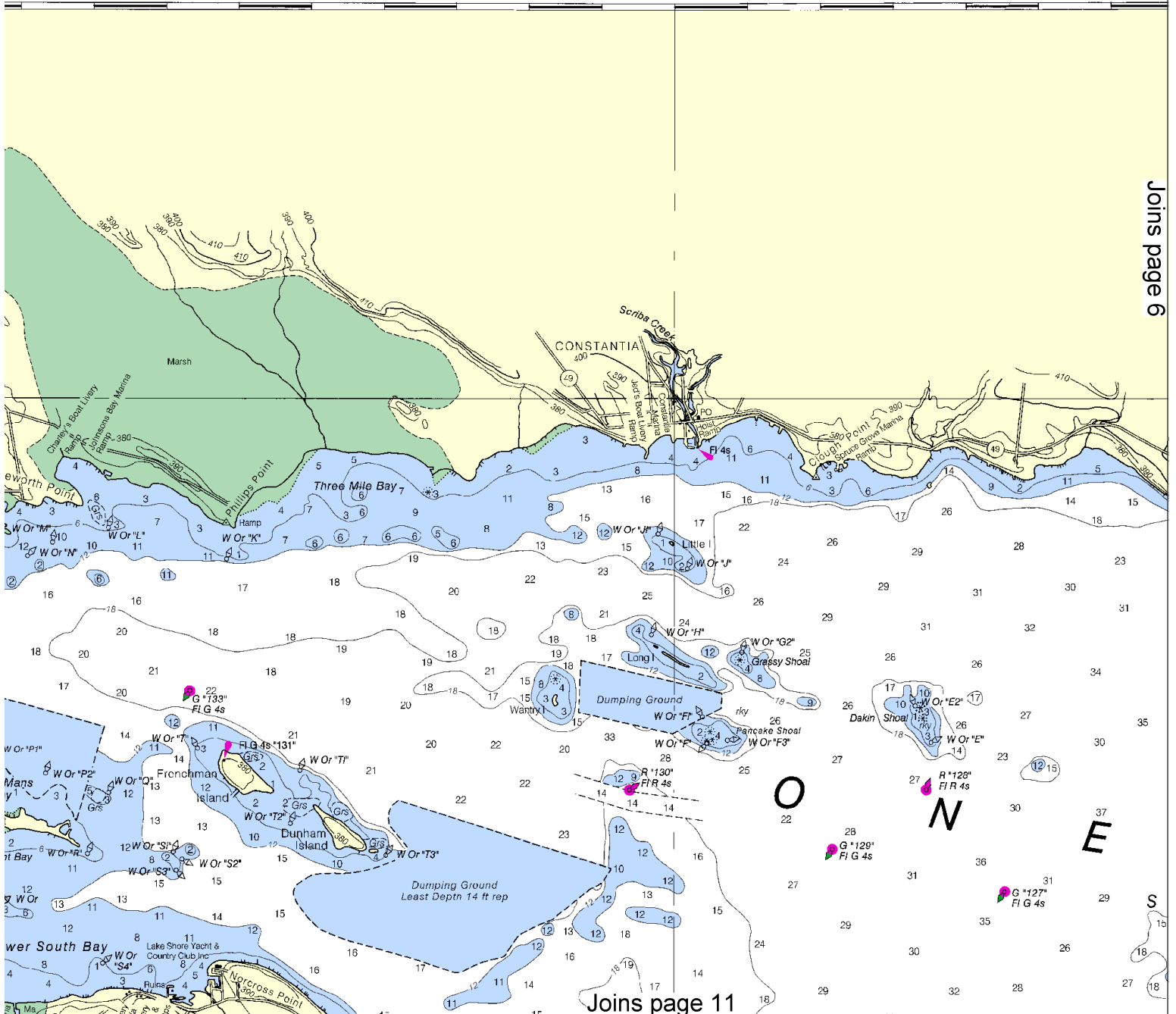
SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.



76°00'

Joins page 6



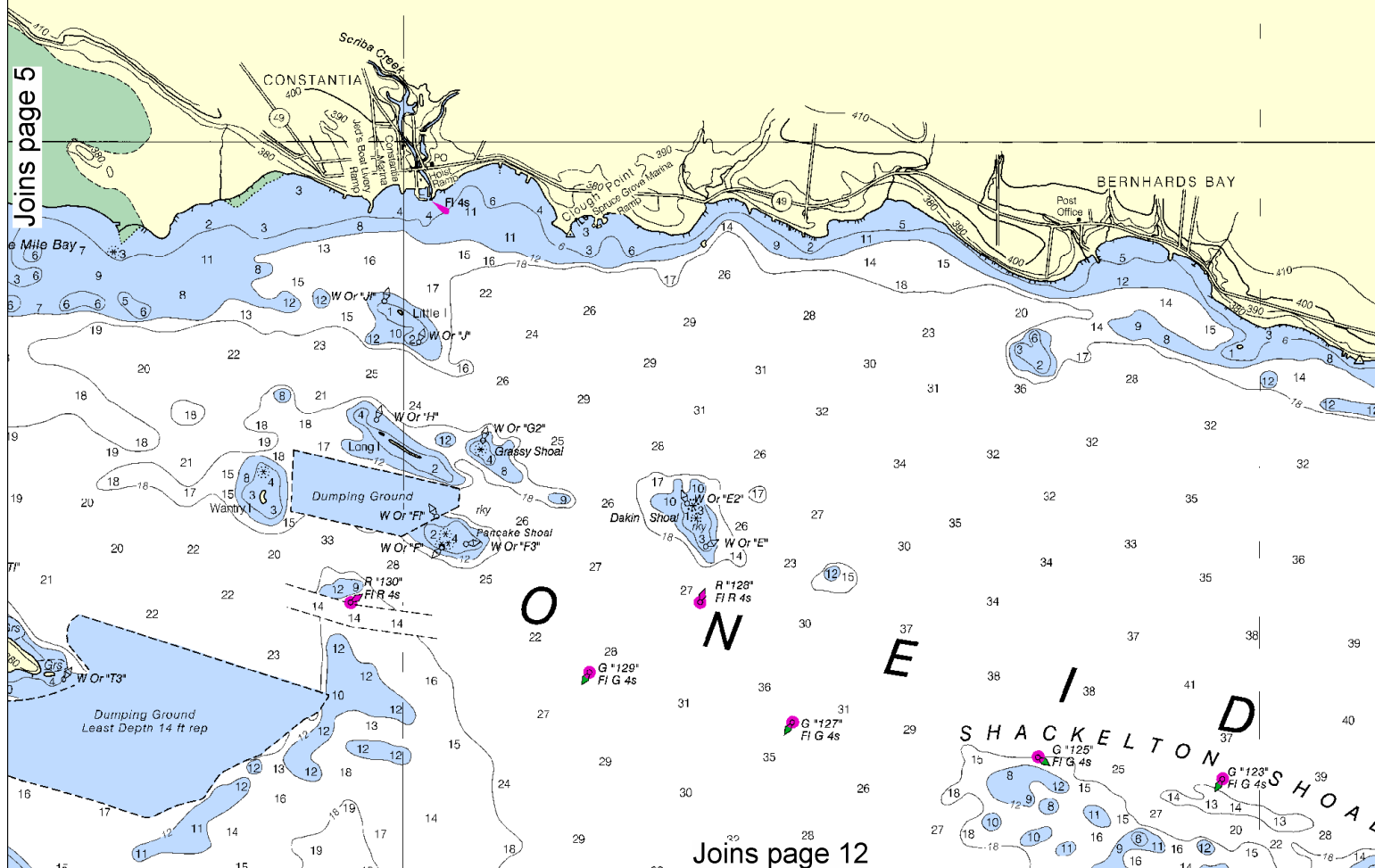
Joins page 11

This BookletChart was reduced to 75% of the original chart scale.
 The new scale is 1:53333. Barscales have also been reduced and
 are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart.

76°00'

75°55' 45" 30"

Joins page 5



Joins page 12

6

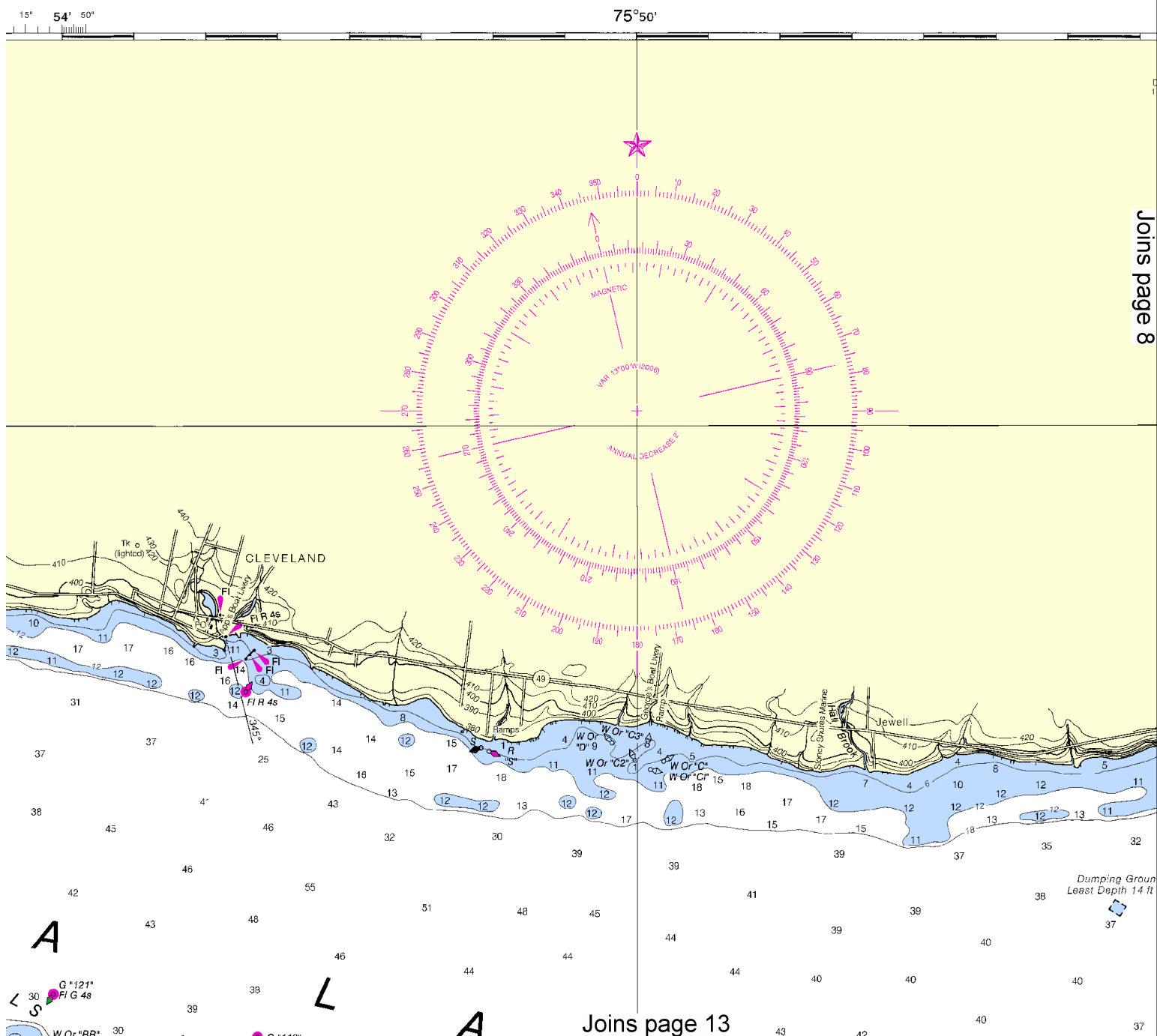


Printed at reduced scale.

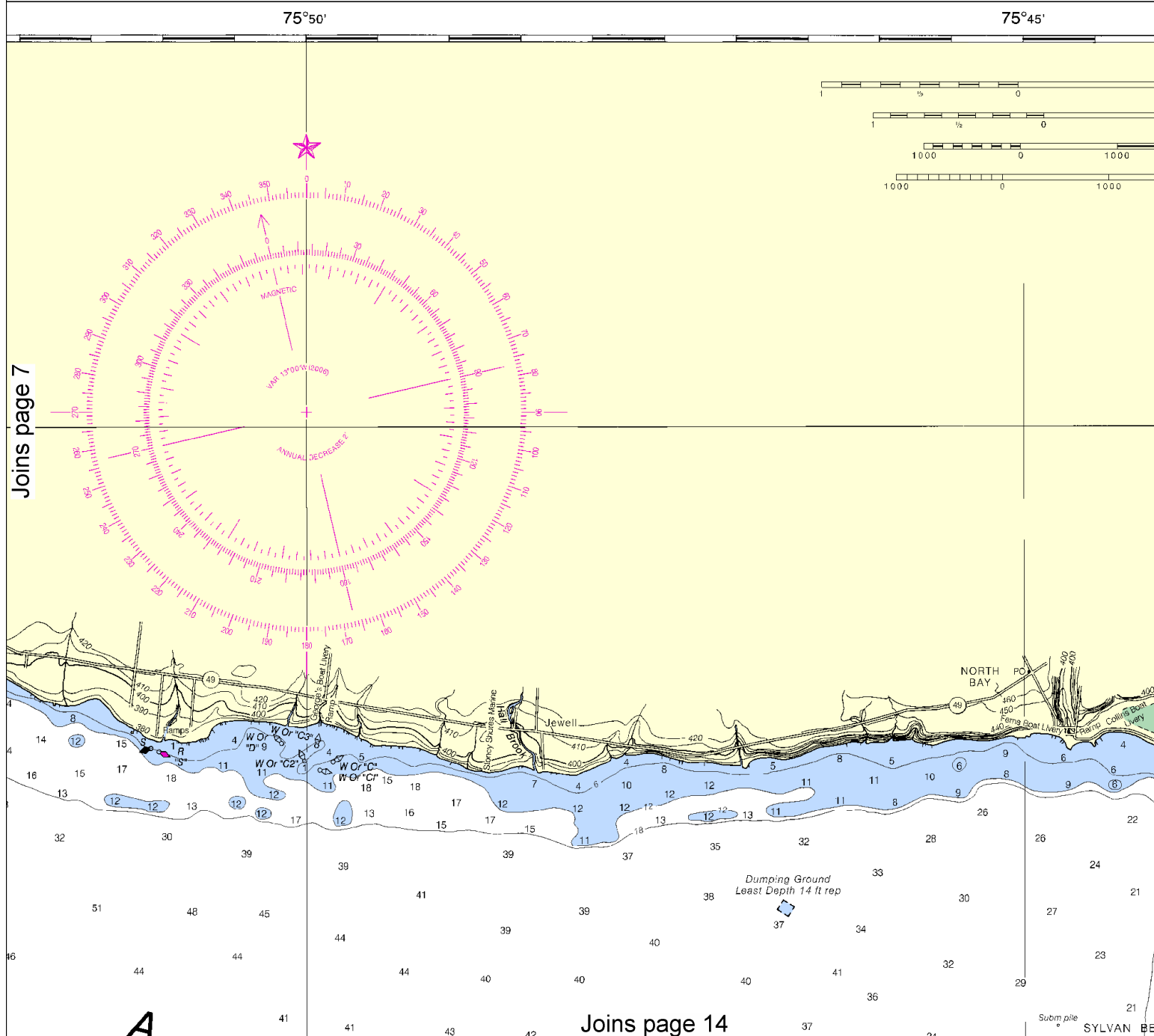
SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.





This BookletChart has been updated with: Coast Guard Local Notice To Mariners: 0710 2/16/2010,
 NGA Weekly Notice to Mariners: 0910 2/27/2010,
 Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners: 0110 1/29/2010.



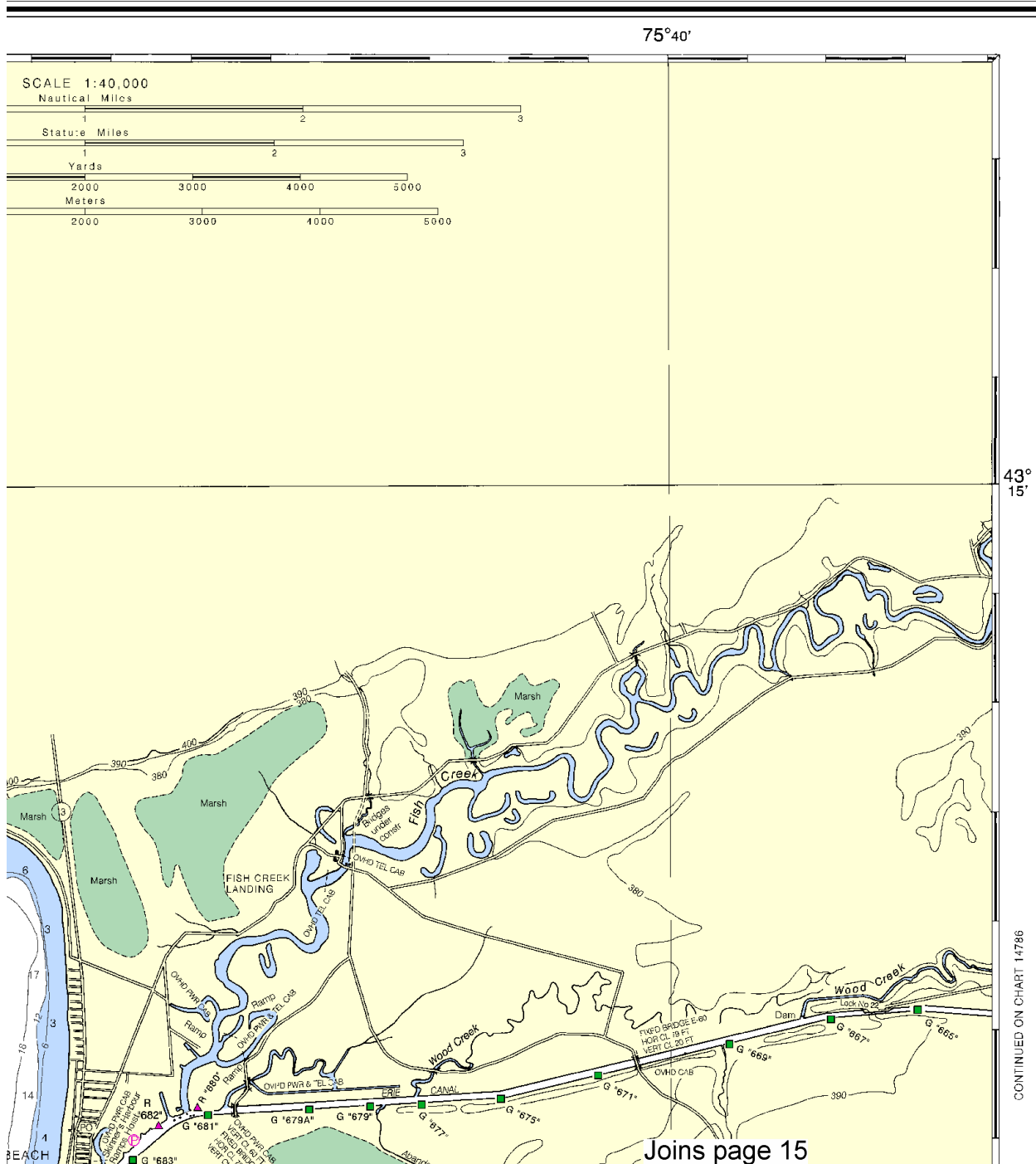
Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.



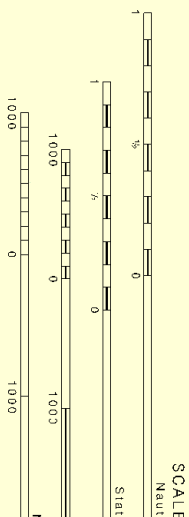
SOUNDINGS IN FEET



Joins page 4

CONTINUED ON CHART 14786

11°
45°
30°
15°
43°
10°
50°



Joins page 16

10

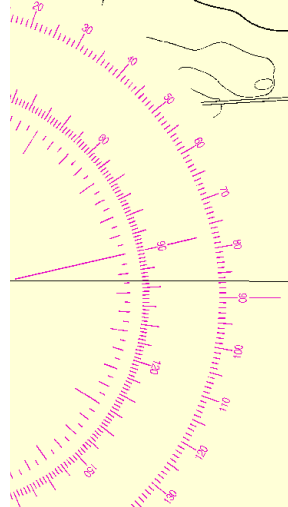


Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

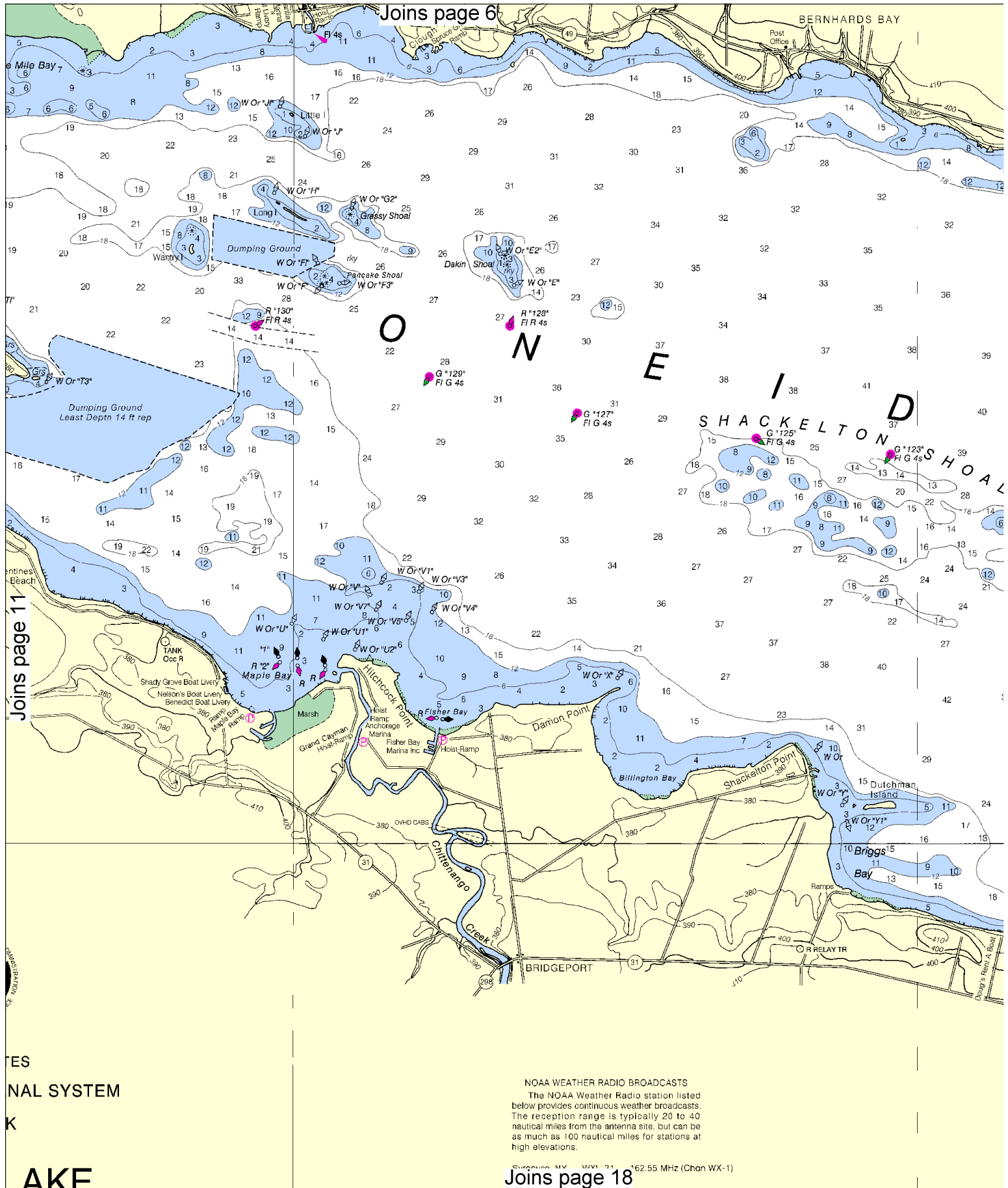
See Note on page 5.





Joins page 17

Syracuse, NY	WXL-31	162.55 MHz (Chan W)
--------------	--------	---------------------



ES
NAL SYSTEM
K

AKF

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS
The NOAA Weather Radio station listed below provides continuous weather broadcasts. The reception range is typically 20 to 40 nautical miles from the antenna site, but can be as much as 100 nautical miles for stations at high elevations.
Surgeon, NY WX 21 162.55 MHz (Chan WX-1)

12

North

Printed at reduced scale.

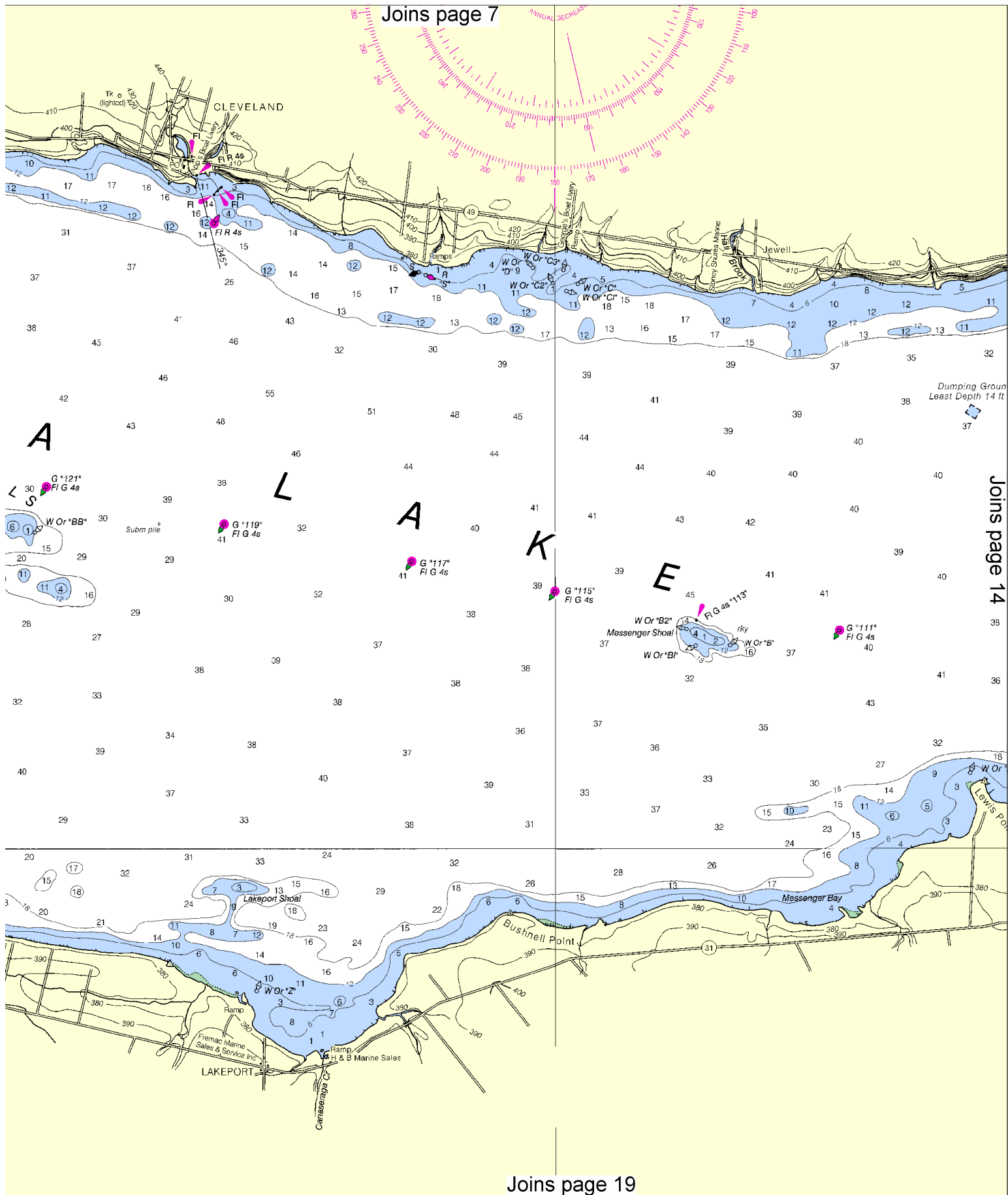
SCALE 1:40,000

Nautical Miles

Yards

See Note on page 5.

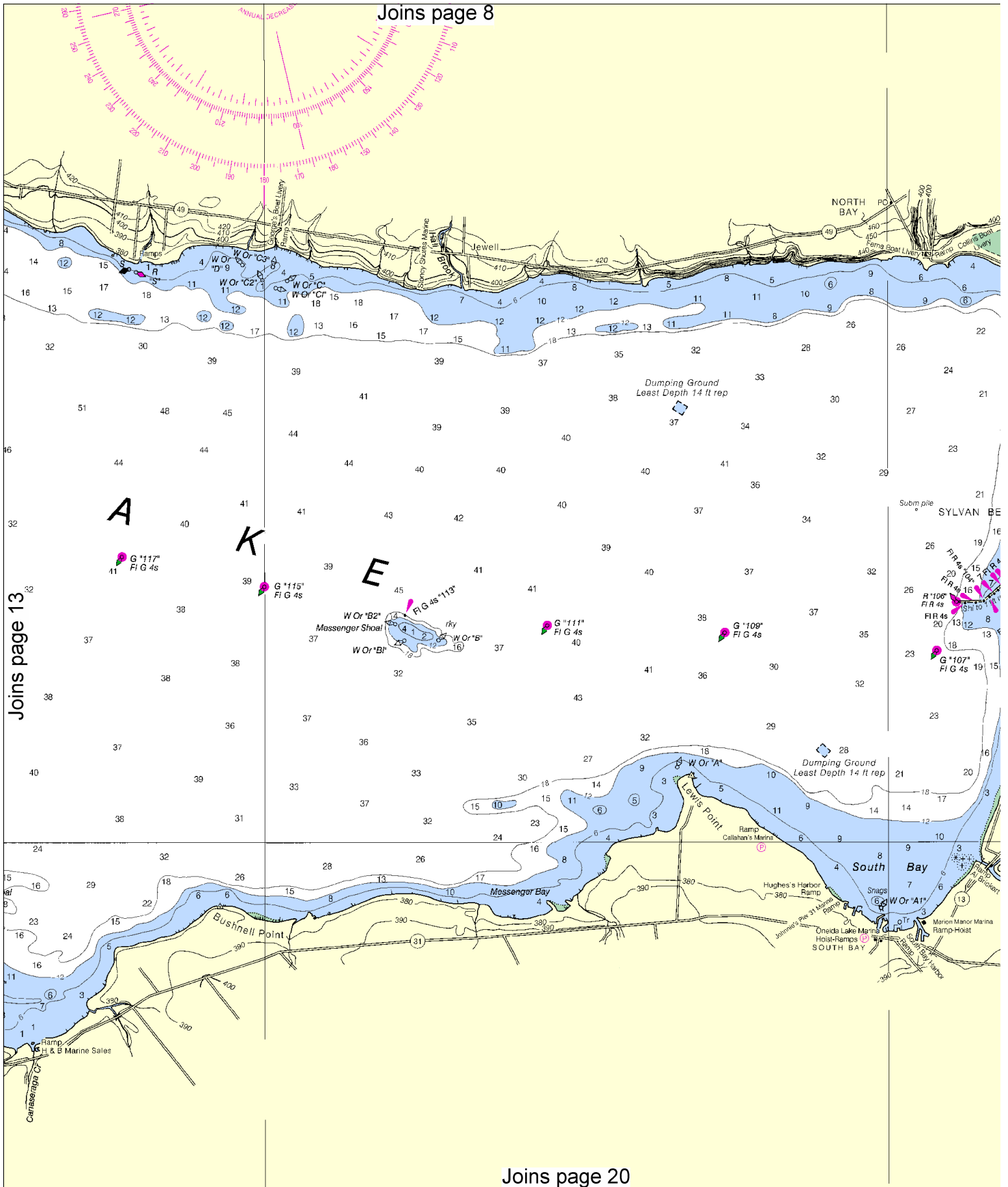
Joins page 7



Joins page 14

Joins page 19

Joins page 8



Joins page 20

14

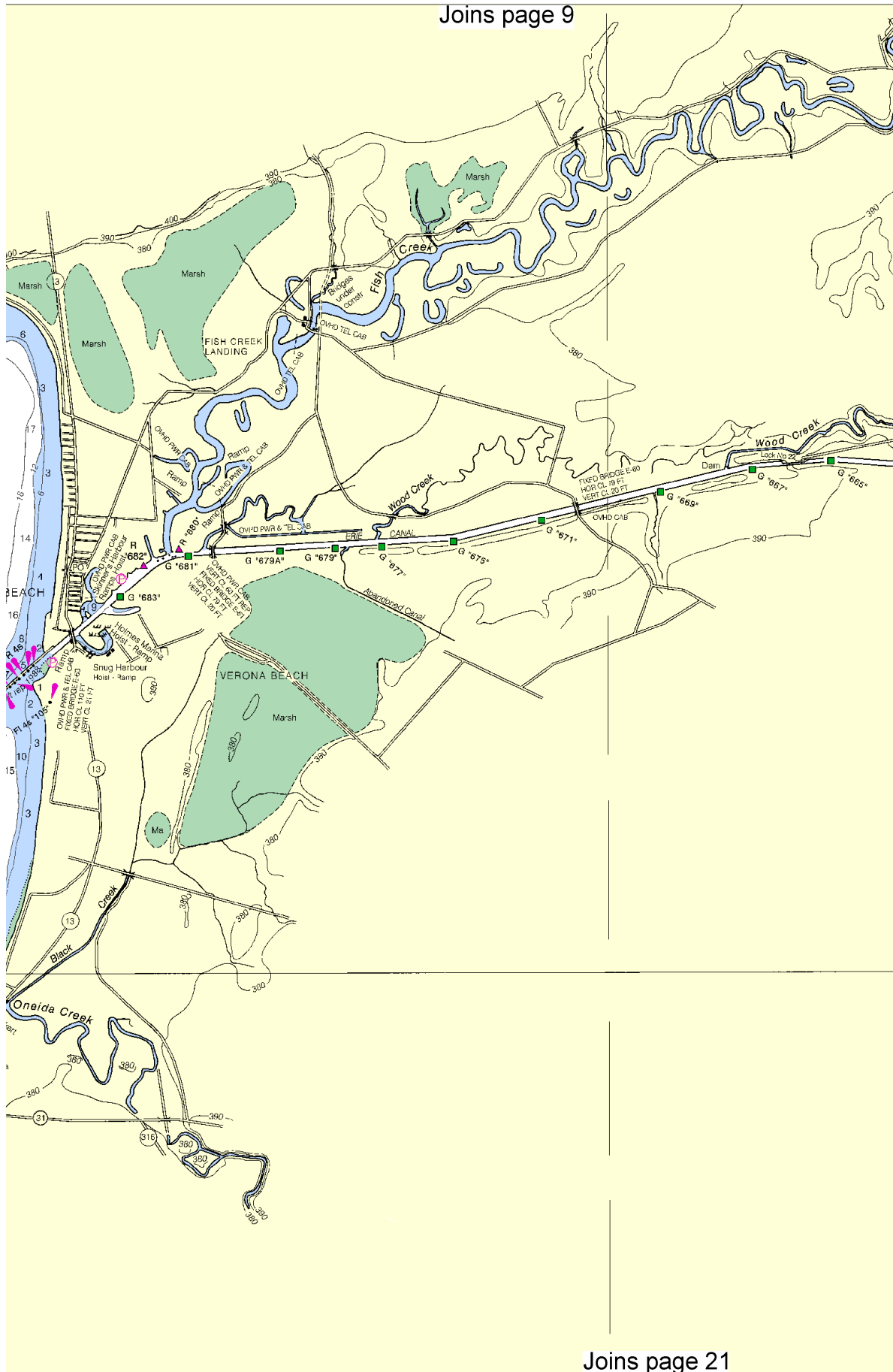


Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

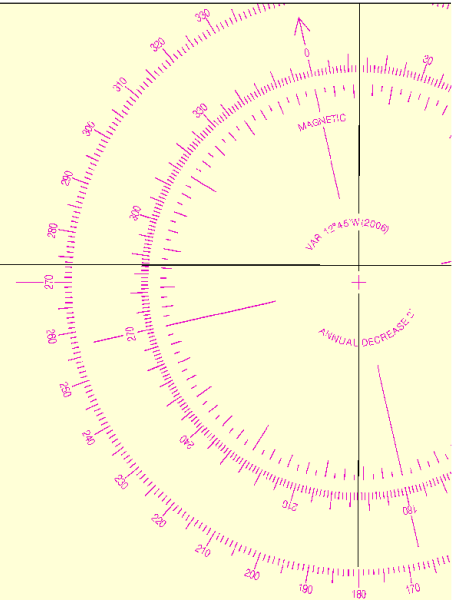
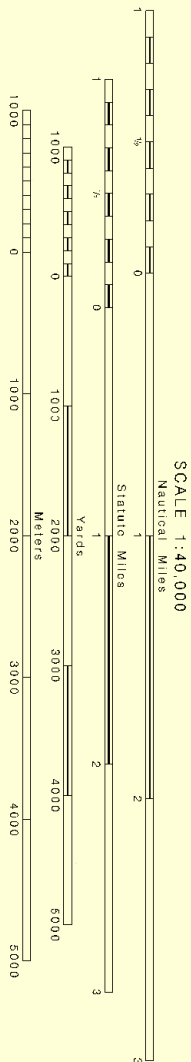
See Note on page 5.





CONTINUED ON CHART 14786

45°
30°
15°
43°
10'
50'



43°
05'

76°10'

76°05'

19th Ed., Jan. /06 ■ Corrected through NM Jan. 28/06
Corrected through LNM Jan. 17/06

14788

CAUTION

This chart has been corrected from information received from the New York State Department of Transportation to the date shown in the lower left hand corner.

This nautical chart has been designed to promote Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.

16

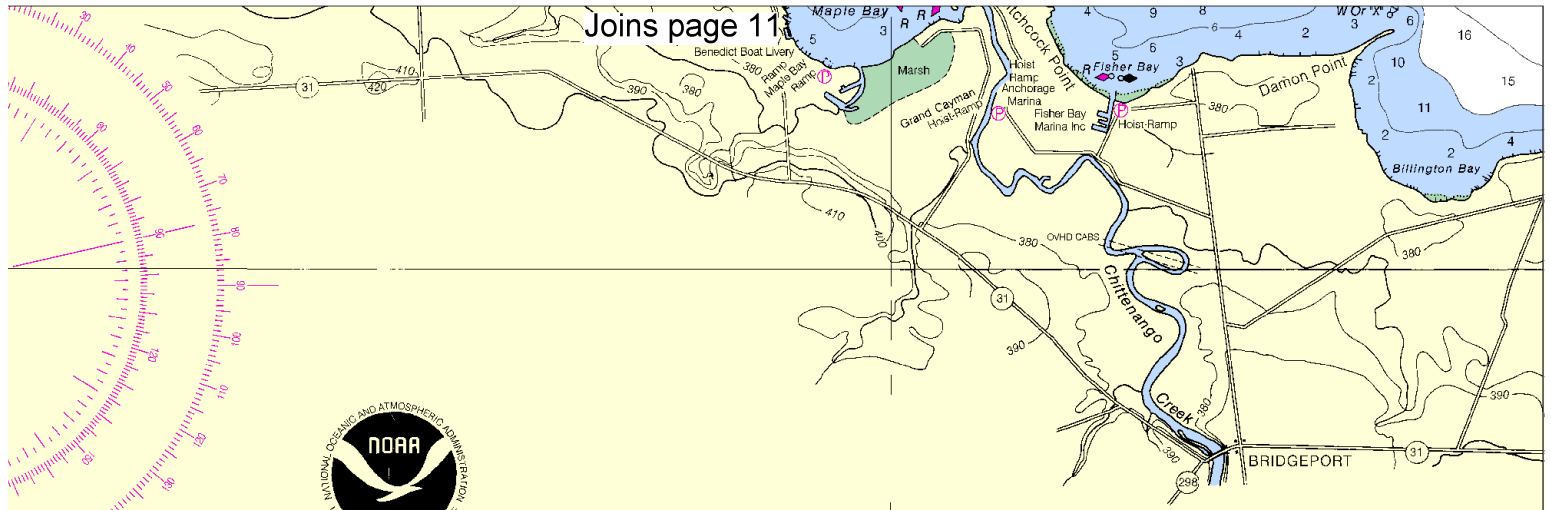


Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.





UNITED STATES
NEW YORK STATE CANAL SYSTEM
NEW YORK

ONEIDA LAKE
LOCK 22 TO LOCK 23

Polyconic Projection
Scale 1:40,000

North American Datum of 1983
(World Geodetic System 1984)

SOUNDINGS IN FEET

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

NOTES

PLANE OF REFERENCE OF THIS CHART. Normal Pool Level.

AVAILABLE DEPTH. The New York State Canal System is maintained to provide a minimum width of 200 feet in the canalized river and lake sections, a minimum width of 75 feet in the land line sections, and a minimum depth of 12 feet at ordinary water stage.

VERTICAL CLEARANCE. Minimum vertical clearance at Maximum Navigable Pool Level under bridges and gates along the Erie Canal east of Three River Point is 20 feet.

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS. For complete list of symbols and abbreviations see Chart No. 1.

AUTHORITIES. Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, Geological Survey, U.S. Coast Guard and New York State Thruway Authority.

Aids to navigation on the New York State Canal System are the responsibility of the New York State Thruway Authority. All lighted aids, stationary and floating, unless otherwise indicated display a 1 second flash every 4 seconds.

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS
The NOAA Weather Radio station listed below provides continuous weather broadcasts. The reception range is typically 20 to 40 nautical miles from the antenna site, but can be as much as 100 nautical miles for stations at high elevations.

Syracuse, NY WXL-31 162.55 MHz (Ch

RADAR REFLECTORS
Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

POLLUTION REPORTS
Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

WARNING
The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot 6 for details.

CAUTION
Due to periodic high water conditions some features charted as visible at Normal Pool Level may be submerged, particularly in the near shore areas. Mariners should proceed with caution.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 6 for important supplemental information.

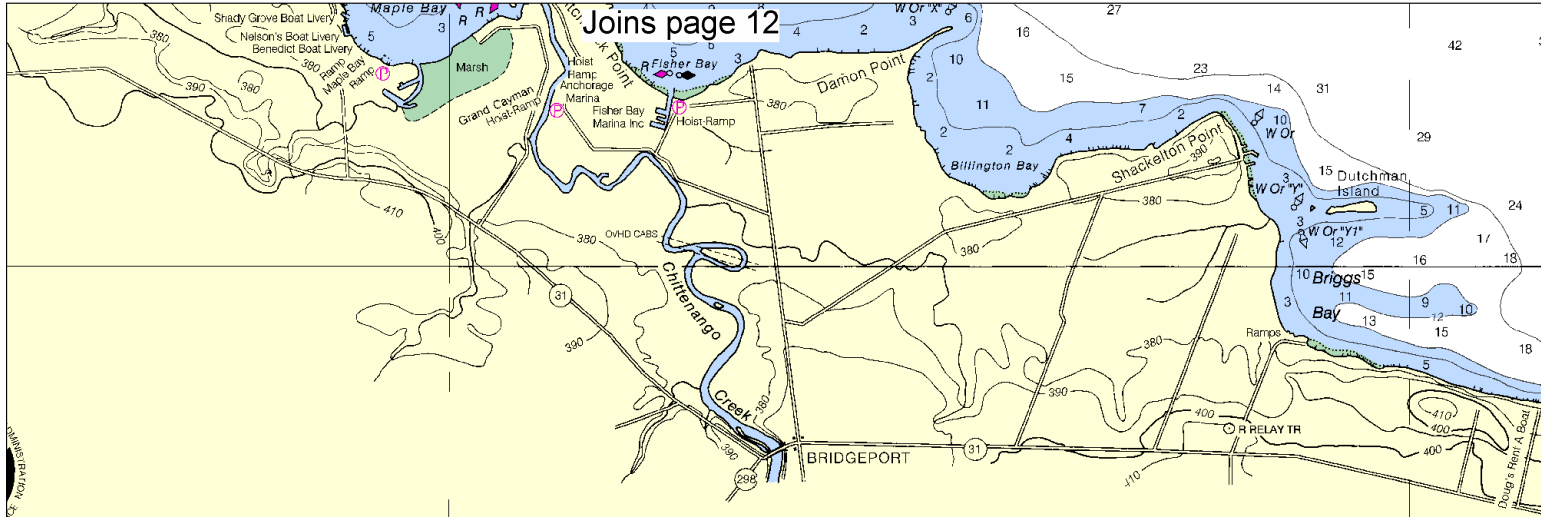
HORIZONTAL DATUM
The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum (NAD 83) and for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the Geodetic System of 1984 (GSD 84). Geographic positions referred to the American Datum of 1902 must be corrected an average of 0.025" north 1.273" eastward to agree with this chart.

Pump-out Facilities

76°00'

SOUNDINGS IN FEET

For safe navigation. The National Ocean Service, U.S. Coast Guard, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (N/CS2), National Ocean Service, U.S. Coast Guard, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.



TES
NAL SYSTEM

K

LAKE

OCK 23

Joins page 17

1983
1984)

calcharts.noaa.gov.

Level.

m is maintained to provide a minimum
ons, a minimum width of 75 feet in the
rdinary water stage.

ce at Maximum Navigable Pool Level
of Three River Point is 20 feet.

st of symbols and abbreviations see

National Ocean Service, Coast Survey,
ological Survey, U.S. Coast Guard and

ystem are the responsibility of the
is, stationary and floating, unless
ry 4 seconds.

NOAA WEATHER RADIO BROADCASTS

The NOAA Weather Radio station listed below provides continuous weather broadcasts. The reception range is typically 20 to 40 nautical miles from the antenna site, but can be as much as 100 nautical miles for stations at high elevations.

Syracuse, NY WXL-31 162.55 MHz (Chon WX-1)

RADAR REFLECTORS

Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

POLLUTION REPORTS

Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot 6 for details.

CAUTION

Due to periodic high water conditions some features charted as visible at Normal Pool Level may be submerged, particularly in the near shore areas. Mariners should proceed with caution.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 6 for important supplemental information.

HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) and for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1902 must be corrected an average of 0.025" northward and 1.273" eastward to agree with this chart.

Ⓟ Pump-out Facilities

76°00'

75°55' 45" 30"

DINGS IN FEET

Published at Washington, D
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COM
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC
NATIONAL OCEAN SERV
COAST SURVEY

18

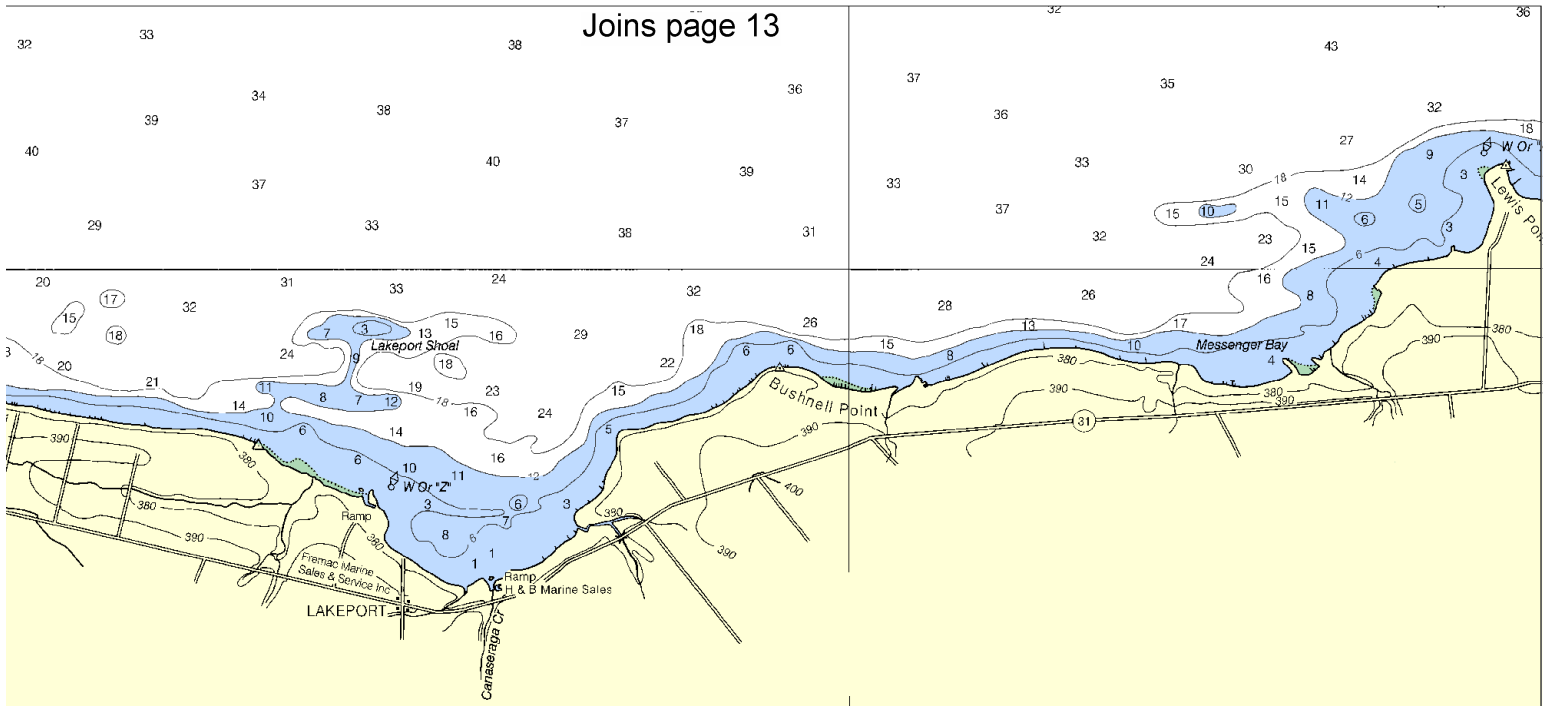


Printed at reduced scale.

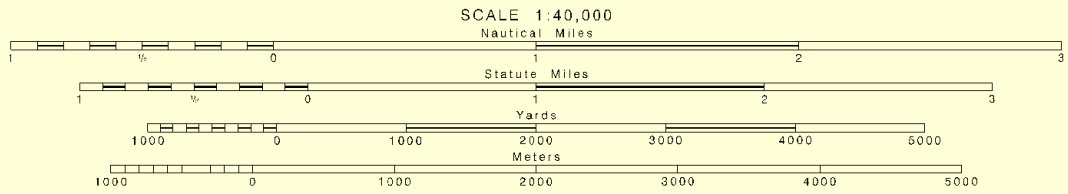
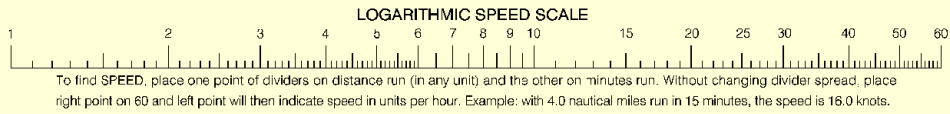
SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.



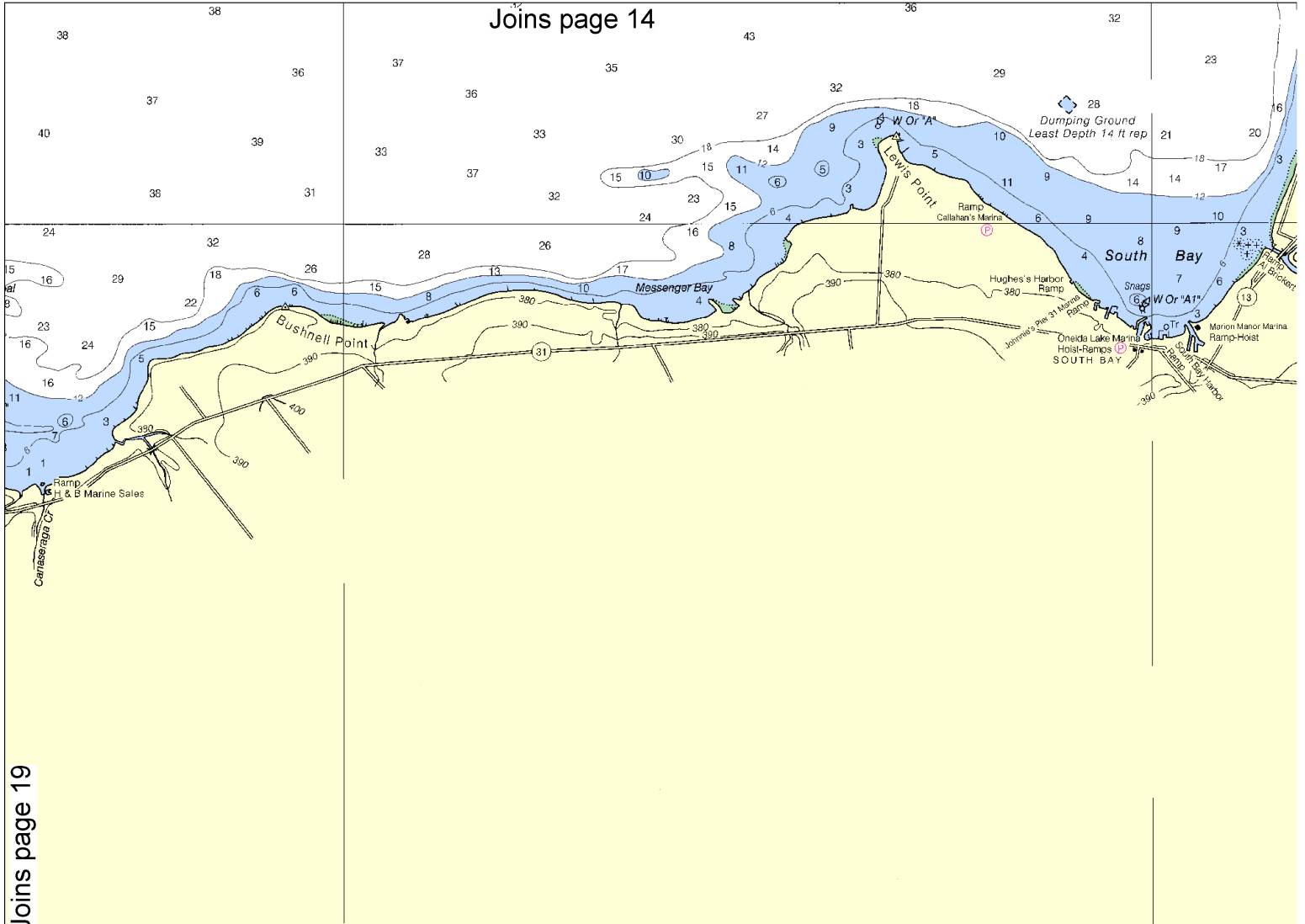


CAUTION
Improved channels shown by broken lines are
subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.



15° 54' 50" 75° 50'

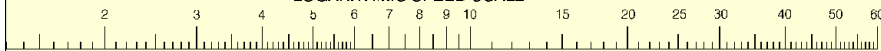
D.C.
VMERCE
C ADMINISTRATION
ICE



Joins page 19

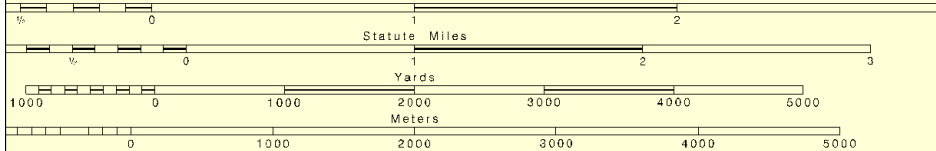
CAUTION
Improved channels shown by broken lines are
subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

LOGARITHMIC SPEED SCALE



To find SPEED, place one point of dividers on distance run (in any unit) and the other on minutes run. Without changing divider spread, place the right point on 60 and left point will then indicate speed in units per hour. Example: with 4.0 nautical miles run in 15 minutes, the speed is 16.0 knots.

SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles



75°50'

75°45'

FATHOMS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
FEET	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66
METERS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

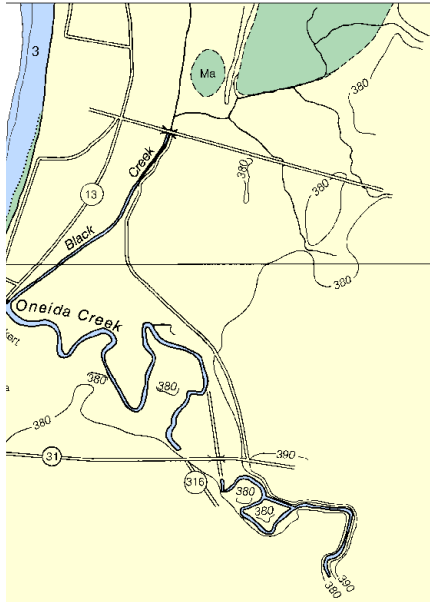


Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.



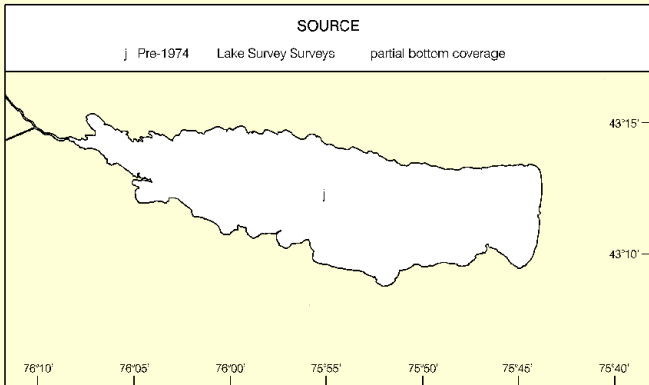


SOURCE DIAGRAM

Most of the hydrography identified by the letter 'J' was surveyed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers prior to 1974. Channels currently maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers are periodically resurveyed and are not shown on this diagram. Refer to Chapter 1, United States Coast Pilot.

SOURCE

J Pre-1974 Lake Survey Surveys partial bottom coverage



Oneida Lake, Lock 22 to Lock 23

SOUNDINGS IN FEET - SCALE 1:40,000

14788



EMERGENCY INFORMATION

VHF Marine Radio channels for use on the waterways:

Channel 6 – Inter-ship safety communications.

Channel 9 – Communications between boats and ship-to-coast.

Channel 13 – Navigation purposes at bridges, locks, and harbors.

Channel 16 – Emergency, distress and safety calls to Coast Guard and others, and to initiate calls to other vessels. Contact the other vessel, agree to another channel, and then switch.

Channel 22A – Calls between the Coast Guard and the public. Severe weather warnings, hazards to navigation and safety warnings are broadcast here.

Channels 68, 69, 71, 72 & 78A – Recreational boat channels.

Distress Call Procedures

1. Make sure radio is on.
2. Select Channel 16.
3. Press/Hold the transmit button.
4. Clearly say: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY."
5. Also give: Vessel Name and/or Description; Position and/or Location; Nature of Emergency; Number of People on Board.
6. Release transmit button.
7. Wait for 10 seconds – If no response Repeat MAYDAY Call.

HAVE ALL PERSONS PUT ON LIFE JACKETS !!

Mobile Phones – Call 911 for water rescue.

Coast Guard Search & Rescue – 216-902-6117

Coast Guard Search & Rescue – 716-843-9527

Coast Guard Search & Rescue – 216-902-6117

Coast Guard Search & Rescue – 716-843-9527

NOAA Weather Radio – 162.400 MHz, 162.425 MHz, 162.450 MHz, 162.475 MHz, 162.500 MHz, 162.525 MHz, 162.550 MHz.

Getting and Giving Help – Signal other boaters using visual distress signals (flares, orange flag, lights, arm signals); whistles; horns; and on your VHF radio. You are required by law to help boaters in trouble. Respond to distress signals, but do not endanger yourself.



NOAA CHARTING PUBLICATIONS

Official NOAA Nautical Charts – NOAA surveys and charts the national and territorial waters of the U.S, including the Great Lakes. We produce over 1,000 traditional nautical charts covering 3.4 million square nautical miles. Carriage of official NOAA charts is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry our commerce. They are used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters. NOAA charts are available from official chart agents listed at: www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov.

Official Print-on-Demand Nautical Charts – These full-scale NOAA charts are updated weekly by NOAA for all Notice to Mariner corrections. They have additional information added in the margin to supplement the chart. Print-on-Demand charts meet all federal chart carriage regulations for charts and updating. Produced under a public/private partnership between NOAA and OceanGrafix, LLC, suppliers of these premium charts are listed at www.OceanGrafix.com.

Official Electronic Navigational Charts (NOAA ENC[®]) – ENC[®]s are digital files of each chart's features and their attributes for use in computer-based navigation systems. ENC[®]s comply with standards of the International Hydrographic Organization. ENC[®]s and their updates are available for free from NOAA at www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov.

Official Raster Navigational Charts (NOAA RNC[™]) – RNC[™]s are geo-referenced digital pictures of NOAA's charts that are suitable for use in computer-based navigation systems. RNC[™]s comply with standards of the International Hydrographic Organization. RNC[™]s and their updates are available for free from NOAA at www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov.

Official BookletCharts[™] – BookletCharts[™] are reduced scale NOAA charts organized in page-sized pieces. The "Home Edition" can be downloaded from NOAA for free and printed. The Internet address is www.NauticalCharts.gov/bookletcharts.

Official PocketCharts[™] – PocketCharts[™] are for beginning recreational boaters to use for planning and locating, but not for real navigation. Measuring a convenient 13" by 19", they have a 1/3 scale chart on one side, and safety, boating, and educational information on the reverse. They can be purchased at retail outlets and on the Internet.

Official U.S. Coast Pilot[®] – The Coast Pilots are 9 text volumes containing information important to navigators such as channel descriptions, port facilities, anchorages, bridge and cable clearances, currents, prominent features, weather, dangers, and Federal Regulations. They supplement the charts and are available from NOAA chart agents or may be downloaded for free at www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov.

Official On-Line Chart Viewer – All NOAA nautical charts are viewable here on-line using any Internet browser. Each chart is up-to-date with the most recent Notices to Mariners. Use these on-line charts as a ready reference or planning tool. The Internet address is www.NauticalCharts.gov/viewer.

Official Nautical Chart Catalogs – Large format, regional catalogs are available for free from official chart agents. Page size, state catalogs are posted on the Internet and can be printed at home for free. Go to <http://NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov/mcd/ccatalogs.htm>.

Internet Sites: www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov, www.NOAA.gov, www.TidesandCurrents.NOAA.gov, www.NOS.NOAA.gov.